

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently amended) An anti-Newton ring sheet having an anti-Newton ring layer comprising a binder compound and fine particles and formed on one surface of a transparent substrate, wherein said binder compound comprises ionizing radiation curable organic-inorganic hybrid resin or a mixture of ionizing radiation curable resin and other resin component than ionizing radiation curable resin, and the content of other resin component is not less than 0.1 weight % and not more than 15 weight %.
2. (Original) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 1, wherein the content of said fine particles is not less than 0.1 weight % and not more than 1.0 weight % of all solid contents in the anti-Newton ring layer.
3. (Canceled)
4. (Canceled)
5. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 1, wherein the mean particle diameter of the fine particles is not less than 0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  and not more than 3.0  $\mu\text{m}$ .
6. (Currently amended) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 1, wherein the coefficient of variation of the particle diameter distribution of the fine particles is not less than 30% 20% and not more than 80%.
7. (Currently amended) An anti-Newton ring sheet having an anti-Newton ring layer comprising a binder component and fine particles and formed on one surface of a transparent substrate, wherein said binder compound comprises ionizing radiation curable resin, and the mean diameter of the fine particles is not less than 0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  and not more than 3.0  $\mu\text{m}$  and the coefficient

of variation of the particle diameter distribution of the fine particles is not less than 30% 20% and not more than 80%.

8. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 1, wherein the thickness of the anti-Newton ring layer is not less than 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  and not more than 3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ .

9. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 1, wherein a hard coat layer containing particles is formed on other surface of the transparent substrate.

10. (Original) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 9, wherein the haze according to JIS K7136:2000 is 20% or lower.

11. (Previously presented) A touch panel of resistive type comprising a pair of panels coated by a conductive film and arranged via spacer so that the conductive films on both panels face each other, wherein either or both of the conductive films is formed on the anti-Newton ring layer of the anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 1.

Claims 12-14. (Canceled)

15. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 2, wherein the mean particle diameter of the fine particles is not less than 0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  and not more than 3.0  $\mu\text{m}$ .

16. (Canceled)

17. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 7, wherein the thickness of the anti-Newton ring layer is not less than 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  and not more than 3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ .

18. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 7, wherein a hard coat layer containing particles is formed on other surface of the transparent substrate.
19. (Previously presented) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 7, wherein the haze according to JIS K7136:2000 is 20% or lower.
20. (Previously presented) A touch panel of resistive type comprising a pair of panels coated by a conductive film and arranged via spacer so that the conductive films on both panels face each other, wherein either or both of the conductive films is formed on the anti-Newton ring layer of the anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 7.
21. (New) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 7, wherein the binder component comprises a mixture of ionizing radiation curable resin and another resin, different from the ionizing radiation curable resin, and the content of the another resin is not less than 0.1 weight % and not more than 15 weight % of the mixture.
22. (New) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 21, wherein the another resin is a thermoplastic resin.
23. (New) The anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 21, wherein the glass transition temperature of the another resin is at least 50°C and not higher than 120°C.
24. (New) A resistive type touch panel comprising a pair of panels coated by a conductive film with a spacer therebetween and the conductive films on the panels facing each other, wherein at least one of the conductive films is formed on the anti-Newton ring layer of the anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 21.

25. (New) A resistive type touch panel comprising a pair of panels coated by a conductive film with a spacer therebetween and the conductive films on the panels facing each other, wherein at least one of the conductive films is formed on the anti-Newton ring layer of the anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 22.

26. (New) A resistive type touch panel comprising a pair of panels coated by a conductive film with a spacer therebetween and the conductive films on the panels facing each other, wherein at least one of the conductive films is formed on the anti-Newton ring layer of the anti-Newton ring sheet of Claim 23.

27. (New) The anti-Newton sheet of claim 1, wherein the organic-inorganic hybrid resin is a reaction product of a metal oxide and an organic compound.

28. (New) The anti-Newton sheet of claim 1, wherein the organic-inorganic hybrid resin is a reaction product of silica and an organic compound containing a hydrolysable silyl group as a first group, a polymerizable unsaturated group as a second group, and, as a third group,

– X – C – NH –

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Y

wherein X is NH, oxygen or sulfur, while Y is either oxygen or sulfur; provided, when X is oxygen, Y is sulfur; or

– NH – C – O –

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O

29. (New) The anti-Newton sheet of Claim 28 wherein the organic compound contains four of the third group.